2018 INTERIM REPORT

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

Unaudited Six months ended 30 June

	Note	2018 HK\$	2017 HK\$
Revenue	4a	1,720,377,159	1,294,549,660
Trading gain, net	4b	97,149,606	577,360,767
Other income		101,282,432	112,942,390
Total income		1,918,809,197	1,984,852,817
Commission and clearing expenses Staff costs Operating lease rental in respect of leased premises Depreciation Information technology and communications expenses Management fees to related companies Other operating expenses		(421,221,782) (206,585,494) (30,023,682) (7,130) (64,257,830) (301,064,186) (85,022,699) (1,108,182,803)	(336,664,460) (213,094,206) (31,157,938) (30,060) (60,460,200) (256,962,648) (49,149,526) (947,519,038)
Finance costs		(135,926,753)	(57,433,253)
Profit before taxation		674,699,641	979,900,526
Income tax expense	5	(66,789,073)	(118,894,171)
Profit after taxation for the period		607,910,568	861,006,355
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company		607,910,568	861,006,355

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Unaudited Six months ended 30 June			
	2018 HK\$			
Profit after taxation for the period	607,910,568	861,006,355		
Total comprehensive income for the period	607,910,568	861,006,355		
Attributable to: Equity holders of the Company	607,910,568	861,006,355		

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 30 JUNE 2018

		Unaudited	Audited
		30 June	31 December
	NT .	2018	2017
NON CURRENT ACCREC	Note	HK\$	HK\$
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	_	2 7 6 7	10.605
Plant and equipment	6	3,565	10,695
Intangible assets	_	49,715,218	49,715,218
Available-for-sale financial assets	7	-	355,000
Financial assets at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	8	354,932	-
Statutory deposits and other assets		212,237,910	109,818,829
Deferred income tax assets		1,184,534	1,127,528
Total non-current assets		263,496,159	161,027,270
CURRENT ASSETS			
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	9	2,567,705,202	1,770,809,600
Held-to-maturity financial assets	10	-	149,665,079
Debt instruments at amortised cost	11	149,657,963	-
Derivative financial instruments	12	205,425,571	377,988,729
Loans and receivables	13	28,105,487,971	25,484,572,569
Amounts due from the immediate holding company	16	1,922,720,846	1,282,332,331
Amounts due from fellow subsidiaries	15	2,354,160	-
Amounts due from a related company	16	43,452,052	31,570,338
Cash and balances with banks	14	8,713,841,454	8,398,565,436
Taxation recoverable	17	-	4,897,800
Total current assets		41,710,645,219	37,500,401,882
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Bank loans and other borrowings-unsecured		1,800,491,280	-
Subordinated loans from the immediate holding company	16	2,500,000,000	2,500,000,000
Amounts due to the immediate holding company	16	11,148,296,502	9,946,729,148
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	15	1,741,689	2,249,932
Amounts due to a related company	16	5,917,590	5,991,700
Accounts and other payables	17	7,297,745,997	7,895,275,277
Deposits from customers	18	9,260,509,280	7,824,397,622
Derivative financial instruments	12	320,375,168	541,060,990
	19	26,323,415	19,100,250
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	19		
Taxation payable		195,049,984	116,293,094
Total current liabilities		32,556,450,905	28,851,098,013
NET CURRENT ASSETS		9,154,194,314	8,649,303,869
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		9,417,690,473	8,810,331,139

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AT 30 JUNE 2018

	Note	Unaudited 30 June 2018 HK\$	Audited 31 December 2017 HK\$
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		9,417,690,473	8,810,331,139
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts and other payables	17	41,567,753	41,567,753
Total non-current liabilities		41,567,753	41,567,753
Net assets		9,376,122,720	8,768,763,386
EQUITY Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders	20	2 000 000 000	2 000 000 000
Share capital Reserve for fair value change of available-for-sale financial assets Reserve for fair value change of financial assets at fair	20	2,000,000,000	2,000,000,000
value through other comprehensive income Retained earnings		15,000 7,376,107,720	6,768,748,386
Total equity		9,376,122,720	8,768,763,386

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

			Unaudited		
	Share capital HK\$	Reserve for fair value change of available-for-sale financial assets	Reserve for fair value change of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income HK\$	Retained earnings HK\$	Total HK\$
Balance at 1 January 2018 under HKAS 39 On adoption of HKFRS 9	2,000,000,000	15,000 (15,000)	15,000	6,768,748,386 (551,234)	8,768,763,386 (551,234)
Balance at 1 January 2018 under HKFRS 9 Comprehensive income for the period	2,000,000,000		15,000	6,768,197,152 607,910,568	8,768,212,152 607,910,568
Balance at 30 June 2018	2,000,000,000	-	15,000	7,376,107,720	9,376,122,720
Balance at 1 January 2017 Comprehensive income for the period	2,000,000,000	15,000	-	5,503,489,323 861,006,355	7,503,504,323 861,006,355
Balance at 30 June 2017	2,000,000,000	15,000	-	6,364,495,678	8,364,510,678

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE SIX MONTHS ENDED 30 JUNE 2018

	Unaudited Six months ended 30 June			
	2018 HK\$	2017 HK\$		
Net cash outflow from operating activities	(622,598,881)	(1,319,885,652)		
Net cash inflow from investing activities	578,784	366,247		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(622,020,097)	(1,319,519,405)		
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January	7,414,541,705	6,420,003,112		
Cash and cash equivalents at 30 June	6,792,521,608	5,100,483,707		
Analysis of balance of cash and cash equivalents Bank and cash balance with original maturity within three months	6,792,521,608	5,100,483,707		

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1 Basis of preparation

The unaudited interim report of BOCI Asia Limited and its subsidiaries ("the Group") is prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Accounting Standard ("HKAS") 34 "Interim Financial Reporting" issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("HKICPA").

2 Accounting policies

The accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of the unaudited interim report are consistent with those used in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2017, except for the changes in accounting policies described in note 2.1 and should be read in conjunction with the Group's consolidated financial statements for 2017.

2.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

In this unaudited interim report, the Group applied HKFRS 9, effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2018, for the first time.

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments

HKFRS 9 replaces HKAS 39 for annual periods on or after 1 January 2018. The Group has not restated comparative information for 2017 for financial instruments in the scope of HKFRS 9. Therefore, the comparative information for 2017 is reported under HKAS 39 and is not comparable to the information presented for 2018. Differences arising from the adoption of HKFRS 9 have been recognised directly in retained earnings as of 1 January 2018 and are disclosed in Note 2.2.

(a) Changes to classification and measurement

To determine their classification and measurement category, HKFRS 9 requires all financial assets, except equity instruments and derivatives, to be assessed based on a combination of the Group's business model for managing the assets and the instruments' contractual cash flow characteristics.

The HKAS 39 measurement categories of financial assets (fair value through profit or loss ("FVPL"), available-for-sale ("AFS"), held-to-maturity and loans and receivables) have been replaced by:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), with gains or losses recycled to profit or loss on derecognition
- Equity instruments at FVOCI, with no recycling of gains or losses to profit or loss on derecognition
- Financial assets at FVPL

The accounting for financial liabilities remains largely the same as it was under HKAS 39, except for the treatment of gains or losses arising from the Group's own credit risk relating to financial liabilities designated at FVPL. Such movements are presented in consolidated other comprehensive income with no subsequent reclassification to the consolidated income statement.

The accounting for derivatives embedded in financial liabilities and in non-financial host contracts has not changed.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

(a) Changes to classification and measurement (continued)

From 1 January 2018, the Group only measures cash and balances with banks, loans and receivables, debt instruments at amortised cost and other assets at amortised cost if both of the following conditions are met:

- The financial asset is held within a business model with the objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") on the principal amount outstanding.

Business model assessment

The Group determines its business model at the level that best reflects how it manages groups of financial assets to achieve its business objective.

The Group's business model is not assessed on an instrument-by-instrument basis, but at a higher level of aggregated portfolios and is based on observable factors such as:

- How the performance of the business model and the financial assets held within that business model are evaluated and reported to the Group's key management personnel
- The risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and, in particular, the way those risks are managed
- How managers of the business are compensated (for example, whether the compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or on the contractual cash flows collected)
- The expected frequency, value and timing of sales are also important aspects of the Group's assessment

The business model assessment is based on reasonably expected scenarios without taking 'worst case' or 'stress case' scenarios into account. If cash flows after initial recognition are realised in a way that is different from the Group's original expectations, the Group does not change the classification of the remaining financial assets held in that business model, but incorporates such information when assessing newly originated or newly purchased financial assets going forward.

The SPPI test

As a second step of its classification process the Group assesses the contractual terms to identify whether they meet the SPPI test.

"Principal" for the purpose of this test is defined as the fair value of the financial asset at initial recognition and may change over the life of the financial asset (for example, if there are repayments of principal or amortization of the premium/discount).

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures (continued)

HKFRS 9 Financial Instruments (continued)

(a) Changes to classification and measurement (continued)

The SPPI test (continued)

The most significant elements of interest within a lending arrangement are typically the consideration for the time value of money and credit risk. To make the SPPI assessment, the Group applies judgement and considers relevant factors such as the currency in which the financial asset is denominated, and the period for which the interest rate is set.

In contrast, contractual terms that introduce a more than de minimis exposure to risks or volatility in the contractual cash flows that are unrelated to a basic lending arrangement do not give rise to contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the amount outstanding. In such cases, the financial asset is required to be measured at FVPL.

(b) Changes to the impairment calculation

HKFRS 9 requires an impairment on debt instruments recorded at amortised cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income, lease receivables, loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts that are not accounted for at fair value through profit or loss under HKFRS 9, to be recorded based on an expected credit loss ("ECL") model either on a twelve-month basis or a lifetime basis. ECL will be assessed using an approach which classifies these financial assets into three stages, each of which is associated with an ECL requirement that is reflective of the assessed credit risk profile in each instance.

- A financial asset is classified under Stage 1 if it was not credit-impaired upon origination and there has not been a significant increase in its credit risk since inception. A provision for twelve-month ECL is required.
- A financial asset is classified under Stage 2 if it was not credit-impaired upon origination but has since suffered a significant increase in credit risk. A provision for life-time ECL is required.
- A financial asset which has been credit-impaired with objective evidence of default is classified under Stage 3. The assessed ECL is expected to be unchanged from the existing individual allowances taken for such assets.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.2 Transition disclosures

The following tables set out the impact of adopting HKFRS 9 on the consolidated statement of financial position, and retained earnings including the effect of replacing HKAS 39's incurred loss calculations with HKFRS 9's ECLs.

A reconciliation between the carrying amounts under HKAS 39 to the balances reported under HKFRS 9 as of 1 January 2018 is as follows:

	HKAS 39		_		HKFRS 9		
			Re-	Re-			
Ref	Category	Amount	classification	measurement	Amount	Category	
	- o-1					2	
		, , ,	-	(103,247)		AC^2	
	FVPL ³	1,770,809,600	-	-	1,770,809,600	FVPL	
	FVPL	377,988,729	-	-	377,988,729	FVPL	
	L&R	1,282,332,331	-	-	1,282,332,331	AC	
	L&R	31,570,338	-	-	31,570,338	AC	
	L&R	25,484,572,569	-	(550,311)	25,484,022,258	AC	
	AFS^4	355,000	(355,000)	-	-		
A			(355,000)				
		-	355,000	(42)	354,958	FVOCI ⁵	
Α			355,000				
	HTM^6	149,665,079	(149,665,079)	-	-		
В			(149,665,079)				
		-	149,665,079	(12,898)	149,652,181	AC	
В			149,665,079				
	L&R	159,544,742	-	-	159,544,742	AC	
		4,897,800	-	-	4,897,800		
		1,127,528		115,264	1,242,792		
		37,661,429,152	-	(551,234)	37,660,877,918		
	A B	Ref Category L&R¹ FVPL³ FVPL L&R L&R L&R AFS⁴ A HTM⁶ B B	Ref Category Amount L&R¹ 8,398,565,436 FVPL³ 1,770,809,600 FVPL 377,988,729 L&R 1,282,332,331 L&R 31,570,338 L&R 25,484,572,569 AFS⁴ 355,000 A - B - B - L&R 159,544,742 4,897,800 1,127,528	Ref Category Amount Reclassification L&R¹ 8,398,565,436 - FVPL³ 1,770,809,600 - FVPL 377,988,729 - L&R 1,282,332,331 - L&R 25,484,572,569 - AFS⁴ 355,000 (355,000) A (355,000) (355,000) A 355,000 (355,000) B (149,665,079) (149,665,079) B (149,665,079) 149,665,079 L&R 159,544,742 - 4,897,800 - - 1,127,528 -	Ref Category Amount Reclassification Remeasurement L&R¹ 8,398,565,436 FVPL³ - (103,247) 1,770,809,600 - (103,247) FVPL 377,988,729 L&R 1,282,332,331 L&R 31,570,338 1,570,338 25,484,572,569 AFS⁴ 355,000 (550,311) - (550,311) 355,000 A (355,000) 355,000 HTM⁶ 149,665,079 149,665,079 149,665,079 149,665,079 L&R 159,544,742 1,127,528 1,127,528 - 115,264 115,264	Ref Category Amount Reclassification Resurement measurement Amount L&R¹ 8,398,565,436 - (103,247) 8,398,462,189 FVPL³ 1,770,809,600 - (103,247) 8,398,462,189 FVPL L³ 377,988,729 - (377,988,729) - (377,988,729) L&R L&R (1,282,332,331) - (352,332,331) - (352,332,331) L&R (25,484,572,569) - (550,311) 25,484,022,258 AFS⁴ 355,000 (355,000) - (355,000) A (355,000) (42) 354,958 A (355,000) - (42) 354,958 A (356,079) - (149,665,079) - (12,898) 149,652,181 B (149,665,079) - (149,665,079) - (159,544,742) - (159,544,742) - (159,544,742) - (159,544,742) - (159,544,742) - (159,544,742)	

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.2 Transition disclosures (continued)

	Н	HKAS 39		_	HKFRS	9
HK\$	Ref Category	Amount	Re- classification	Re- measurement	Amount	Category
Financial liabilities						
Deposits from customers	AC	7,824,397,622	-	-	7,824,397,622	AC
Subordinated loans from the immediate	AC	2,500,000,000	-	-	2,500,000,000	AC
holding company						
Amounts due to the immediate holding company	AC	9,946,729,148	-	-	9,946,729,148	AC
Amounts due to fellow subsidiaries	AC	2,249,932	-	_	2,249,932	AC
Amounts due to a related company	AC	5,991,700	-	_	5,991,700	
Financial liabilities at fair value	FVPL	19,100,250	-	-	19,100,250	
through profit or loss					, ,	
Derivative financial instruments	FVPL	541,060,990	-	_	541,060,990	FVPL
Accounts and other payables	AC	7,936,843,030	-	_	7,936,843,030	AC
Non-financial assets						
Tax payable	AC	116,293,094	-	-	116,293,094	AC
Total liabilities		28,892,665,766	-	-	28,892,665,766	

¹L&R: Loans and receivables

- A As of 1 January 2018, the Group assessed its liquidity portfolio which had previously been classified as available-for-sale financial assets. The Group concluded that, these instruments are managed within a business model of collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets. Accordingly, the Group has classified these investments as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- B As of 1 January 2018, the Group did not have any debt instruments that did not meet the SPPI criterion within its held-to-maturity portfolio. Therefore, it elected to classify all of these instruments as debt instruments measured at amortised cost.

²AC: Amortised cost

³FVPL: Fair value through profit and loss

⁴AFS: Available-for-sale

⁵FVOCI: Fair value through other comprehensive income

⁶HTM[:] Held-to-maturity

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2.2 Transition disclosures (continued)

The impact of transition to HKFRS 9 on reserves and retained earnings is, as follows:

HK\$	Reserves and retained earnings
Retained earnings	-
Closing balance under HKAS 39 (31 December 2017)	6,768,748,386
Re-measurement adjustments in relation to adopting HKFRS 9	(666,498)
Deferred tax in relation to the above	115,264
Opening balance under HKFRS 9 (1 January 2018)	6,768,197,152
Total change in equity due to adopting HKFRS 9	(551,234)

The following table reconciles the aggregate opening loss provision allowances under HKAS 39 to the ECL allowances under HKFRS 9.

	Loss provision under HKAS 39 at 31 December 2017	Re- measurement	ECL under HKFRS 9 at 1 January 2018
HK\$			
Impairment allowance for:			
Loans and receivables	43,481,966	550,311	44,032,277
Available-for-sale financial assets per HKAS 39/			
financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income under HKFRS 9	_	42	42
Held-to-maturity financial assets per HKAS 39/ debt instruments at amortised cost under			
HKFRS 9	-	12,898	12,898
Cash and balances with banks		103,247	103,247
	43,481,966	666,498	44,148,464

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 Segment information

The operating business of BOC International Holdings Limited ("the BOCI Group"), the Group's immediate holding company, are organized and managed separately according to the nature of the products and services provided, with each segment reporting a strategic business unit that offers different products. The Group's operating business segment and structure follow that of the BOCI Group.

Business segments have been used as a primary reporting format and no geographical segment analysis is presented as most of the Group's major business activities and assets are conducted in Hong Kong.

The main business segments of the Group are as follows:

Investment banking •	Provides a wide range of securities origination services for issuer clients, including underwriting and placement of public and private equity, debt and related securities. Advises clients on mergers, acquisitions and restructurings.
Brokerage & wealth management	Provides brokerage, and margin financing service to individual and institutional clients.
Private banking •	Provides a range of services for high net-worth individual clients and corporate clients.
Fixed income & equity market •	Facilitates client transactions and makes markets in securities, derivatives, currencies, commodities and other financial instruments to satisfy client demands. Engages in principal and in proprietary trading activities.
Leveraged & structured finance •	Provides structured financing and financial advisory services.
Treasury and others •	Provides central treasury services on behalf of Group companies.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 Segment information (continued)

The Group's segment results for six months ended 30 June 2018 are as follows: Unaudited $\,$

	Investments banking HK\$'000	Brokerage & wealth management HK\$'000	Private banking HK\$'000	Fixed income and equity market HK\$'000	Leveraged & structured finance HK\$'000	Treasury and others HK\$'000	Elimination HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
Six months ended 30 June 2018 Total income – external	84,283	1,415,520	177,781	189,269	9,168	42,788		1,918,809
Total income – inter-segment	-	1,413,320	10,547	189,209	9,108	30,366	(40,913)	-
Commission and clearing expense Depreciation	(389)	(395,621) (7)	(8,032)	(16,830)	(3)	(347)	-	(421,222) (7)
Other operating expenses Finance costs – external Finance costs –	(68,381)	(205,129) (3,513)	(74,750) (9,707)	(39,832) (2,185)	(3,075) (4)	5,278 (120,518)	-	(385,889) (135,927)
inter-segment		-	(30,370)		4	(10,547)	40,913	
Segment results Unallocated cost	15,513	811,250	65,469	130,422	6,090	(52,980)	-	975,764 (301,064)
Operating profits								674,700
Six months ended 30 June 2017								
Total income – external Total income –	105,370	1,506,446	172,839	140,913	37,775	21,510	-	1,984,853
inter-segment Commission and clearing	-	-	10,673	-	-	21,912	(32,585)	-
expense Depreciation	(25)	(321,688) (30)	(4,246)	(10,413)	(2)	(290)	-	(336,664) (30)
Other operating expenses Finance costs – external	(71,902)	(170,782) (1,930)	(62,323) (9,896)	(56,671) (944)	(5,087)	12,903 (44,663)	-	(353,862) (57,433)
Finance costs – inter-segment	_		(21,912)	-	-	(10,673)	32,585	<u>-</u>
Segment results Unallocated cost	33,443	1,012,016	85,135	72,885	32,686	699	-	1,236,864 (256,963)
Operating profits								979,901

BOCI ASIA LIMITED

中銀國際亞洲有限公司

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4 Revenue and trading gain, net

(a) Revenue

(a) Revenue	Six n	naudited nonth ended 30 June 2017
	HK\$	HK\$
Brokerage commission Underwriting and placement commission	870,768,042 202,335,841 67,305,248	610,965,381 140,133,594
Corporate finance and loan syndication fees Interest income from bank deposits and loans to customers Dividend income from listed equities held for trading	550,549,974 29,418,054	128,195,780 373,015,771 42,239,134
	1,720,377,159	1,294,549,660
(b) Trading gain, net	2018 HK\$	2017 HK\$
Net realised/unrealised gain/(loss) on financial assets and financial liabilities		
- Equity securities	(134,673,128)	623,817,190
Debt securitiesDerivative financial instruments	42,482,594 189,340,140	78,685,094 (125,141,517)
	97,149,606	577,360,767

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5 Income tax expense

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (first half of 2017: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profit for the first half of the years. The amount of taxation charged to the condensed consolidated income statement represents:

	Six n	Inaudited nonths ended 30 June
	2018	2017
	HK\$	HK\$
Current income tax:		
- Hong Kong profits tax	65,501,225	118,135,929
- Overseas taxation	1,229,591	629,702
Deferred income tax credit	58,257	128,540
	66,789,073	118,894,171

6 Plant and equipment

During the six months ended 30 June 2018, the Group did not spend (first half of 2017: Nil) on the acquisitions of plant and equipment.

7 Available-for-sale financial assets

	Unaudited	Audited
	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$	HK\$
Non-current assets, at fair value		
- Club debentures, unlisted	-	355,000

8 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	Unaudited At 30 June	Audited At 31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$	HK\$
Non-current assets, at fair value		
- Club debentures, unlisted	355,000	-
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	(68)	-
	354,932	-

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

9 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

		Unaudited At 30 June 2018 HK\$	Audited At 31 December 2017 HK\$
	Trading securities, at fair value - Equity securities, listed in Hong Kong	2,567,705,202	1,770,809,600
10	Held-to-maturity financial assets		
		Unaudited At 30 June 2018 HK\$	Audited At 31 December 2017 HK\$
	Hong Kong Exchange Fund Bills, unlisted	-	149,665,079
	Analysed by type of issuers as follows: Sovereigns		149,665,079

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11 Debt instruments at amortised cost

	Unaudited At 30 June 2018 HK\$	Audited At 31 December 2017 HK\$
Hong Kong Exchange Fund Bills, unlisted Less: Allowance for impairment losses	149,666,572 (8,609)	-
	149,657,963	-
Analysed by type of issuers as follows: Sovereigns Less: Allowance for impairment losses	149,666,572 (8,609)	- -
	149,657,963	-

12 Derivative financial instruments

The Group enters into the following equity and foreign exchange derivative financial instruments for trading and risk management purposes. The types of derivatives utilised by the Group are shown in the following table:

Derivatives	Description
Forwards and futures	These instruments are contractual obligations to buy or sell financial instruments or commodities on a future date at a specified price. Forward contracts are tailor-made agreements that are transacted between counterparties in the over-the-counter (OTC) market, whereas futures are standardised contracts transacted on regulated exchanges.
Options	Options are contractual agreements under which, typically, the seller (writer) grants the purchaser the right, but not the obligation, either to buy (call option) or to sell (put option) by or at a set date, a specified quantity of a financial instrument or commodity at a predetermined price. The purchaser pays a premium to the seller for this right. Options involving more complex payment structures are also transacted. Options may be traded OTC or on a regulated exchange, and may be traded in the form of a security (warrant).
Swaps	These are transactions in which two parties exchange cash flows on a specified notional amount for a predetermined period. Most swaps are traded OTC. The major types of swap transactions undertaken by the Group are interest rate swaps, credit default swaps and equity swaps.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12 Derivative financial instruments (continued)

The contract/notional amounts and fair values of derivative financial instruments held by the Group are set out in the following tables. The contract/notional amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding at the balance sheet dates and certain of them provide a basis for comparison with fair value instruments recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position. However, they do not necessarily indicate the amounts of future cash flows involved or the current fair values of the instruments and, therefore, do not indicate the Group's exposure to credit or market risks. The derivative financial instruments become favourable (assets) or unfavourable (liabilities) as a result of fluctuations in market interest rates or foreign exchange rates relative to their terms. The aggregate fair values of derivative financial instruments assets and liabilities can fluctuate significantly from time to time.

	Notional	Unaud At 30 Jui	
	amount	Assets	Liabilities
	HK\$'000	HK\$	HK\$
Exchange rate contracts Equity contracts Interest rate contracts	3,506,164	6,447,291	15,438,975
	14,904,821	196,930,658	302,888,571
	80,000	2,047,622	2,047,622
		205,425,571	320,375,168
	Notional	Audi At 31 Dece	
	amount	Assets	Liabilities
	HK\$'000	HK\$	HK\$
Exchange rate contracts Equity contracts Interest rate contracts	2,369,177	8,119,663	3,558,094
	18,579,160	368,685,768	536,319,598
	80,000	1,183,298	1,183,298
		377,988,729	541,060,990

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13 Loans and receivables

	Unaudited	Audited
	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$	HK\$
Accounts receivable from dealing in securities	6,938,760,026	7,387,331,571
Loans to customers	20,945,600,874	17,949,818,483
Fees and commission receivable	115,167,067	66,934,201
Deposits, prepayments and other receivables	150,039,675	123,970,280
Gross	28,149,567,642	25,528,054,535
Impairment allowance (under HKAS 39)		(1.776.007)
- loans to customers	-	(1,776,997)
- fees and commission receivable	-	(41,704,969)
Impairment allowance (stage 1 under HKFRS 9) - loans to customers	(5,072)	_
- fees and commission receivable	(472,282)	-
Impairment allowance (stage 3 under HKFRS 9)	, , ,	
- loans to customers	(1,784,379)	-
- fees and commission receivable	(41,817,938)	-
	28,105,487,971	25,484,572,569

Loans to customers, which include receivables from margin clients of approximately HK\$16,437 million (end of 2017: approximately HK\$13,768 million), were secured by listed securities and a cash deposit. The Group is permitted to sell or re-pledge such collateral.

The receivables have excluded the brokerage client monies maintained in the trust accounts with Hong Kong Futures Exchange Clearing Corporation Limited and the Stock Exchange Options Clearing House.

14 Cash and balances with banks

	Unaudited	Audited
	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$	HK\$
Cash at bank and in hand Short-term bank deposits and placements	2,204,391,478	2,794,961,248
- with original maturity within three months	4,319,824,553	4,502,193,096
 with original maturity over three months 	1,791,001,331	432,012,991
Placements with banks		
- with original maturity within three months	268,305,577	117,387,361
- with original maturity over three months	130,448,258	552,010,740
Less: Allowance for impairment losses	(129,743)	-
	8,713,841,454	8,398,565,436

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

14 Cash and balances with banks (continued)

The Group maintains trust accounts with authorised institutions and other financial institutions as part of its normal business transactions. At 30 June 2018, trust accounts with authorised institutions and other financial institutions not otherwise dealt with in the condensed consolidated financial statements amounted to approximately HK\$35,527 million (end of 2017: HK\$36,725 million).

15 Amounts due from/to fellow subsidiaries

Amounts due from/to fellow subsidiaries are non-interest bearing with carrying balances approximating their fair value.

During the period, the Group has entered into securities borrowing and lending arrangements with a fellow subsidiary. Under securities borrowing and lending agreements, cash collateral was required for securities borrowed and lent respectively. No interest was charged on the collateral deposits received and placed.

As at 31 December 2017, the Group lent equity securities, which were all classified as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, with fair value of HK\$2,543,988,269 to the fellow subsidiary and received cash collateral of HK\$2,545,383,679. The Group has also borrowed equity securities, which were all classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, with fair value of HK\$129,402,379 from the fellow subsidiary and placed cash collateral of HK\$160,317,332 to the fellow subsidiary.

Amounts due from/to the immediate holding company/a related company/subordinated loans from the immediate holding company

Amounts due to the immediate holding company for daily administrative activities are unsecured, interest free and repayable upon demand.

Amounts due from/ to the immediate holding company for cash management and general funding purpose are unsecured and bear prevailing market interest rate and repayable within 1 year.

Amounts due from/ to a related company are unsecured, interest-free and repayable upon demand with carrying balances approximating their fair value.

Subordinated loans were borrowed from the immediate holding company of HK\$2,500,000,000 (end of 2017: HK\$2,500,000,000), which are unsecured and bear interest at commercial interest rates. The loans were approved by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission as subordinated loans for exclusion from ranking liabilities in accordance with section 53(2) of the Hong Kong Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules in the computation of regulatory liquid capital.

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

17 Accounts and other payables

	Unaudited At 30 June 2018 HK\$	Audited At 31 December 2017 HK\$
Accounts payable from dealing in securities Accounts payable from securities trading Discretionary bonus payable Others payables and accrued expenses	6,812,751,262 40,614 333,863,690 192,658,184	7,430,329,632 108,194 333,863,690 172,541,514
	7,339,313,750	7,936,843,030

The carrying amounts of accounts payable approximate their fair value. All accounts payables are non-interest bearing.

Accounts payable represent amounts due to brokerage clients, brokers and clearing houses, and are due within one month. Accounts payable to clients exclude those payables placed in trust accounts with authorized institutions, Hong Kong Futures Exchange Corporation Limited and Stock Exchange Options Clearing House.

18 Deposits from customers

Majority of the deposits from customers are time, call and notice deposits and maturing within three months.

19 Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

	Unaudited	Audited
	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$	HK\$
Trading securities, at fair value		
- Equity securities, listed in Hong Kong	26,323,415	19,100,250

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

20 Share capital

Audited	Unaudited
At 31 December	At 30 June
2017	2018
HK\$	HK\$

Issued and fully paid:

200,000 (2017: 200,000) ordinary shares 2,000,000,000 2,000,000,000

21 Contingent liabilities and commitments

Commitments under operating leases

The Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under non-cancelable operating leases as follows:

	Unaudited	Audited
	At 30 June	At 31 December
	2018	2017
	HK\$	HK\$
Land and buildings:		
Less than one year	23,712,575	47,174,325
Between one and five years		7,997,863
	23,712,575	55,172,188

NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

22 Material related-party transactions

Related parties are those parties that have the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties can be individuals or other entities.

During the period, save as disclosed in the above notes, the Group entered into various transactions with related parties. These transactions were conducted on normal commercial terms.

Summary of material transactions entered into during the ordinary course of business with fellow subsidiaries and associates in BOCI Group and other subsidiaries of Bank of China Limited are as follows:

Six months ended 30 June	017 000
2010 20	
2018 20	000
Condensed consolidated income statement items: HK\$'000 HK\$'0	
Interest income from bank deposits & others 85,866 49,5	596
Brokerage commission 381,438 230,9	951
Corporate finance and loan syndication fees 13,631 28,0	066
	177
Underwriting and placement commission 22,418 11,1	151
Management fee income 12,729 37,4	144
Interest expense from loans and other borrowings (115,924) (44,5	559)
Commission expenses arising from brokerage activities (150,061) (89,6	501)
Management fee expense (301,064) (256,9	963)
Operating lease rental in respect of leased premises (28,696) (29,7	,